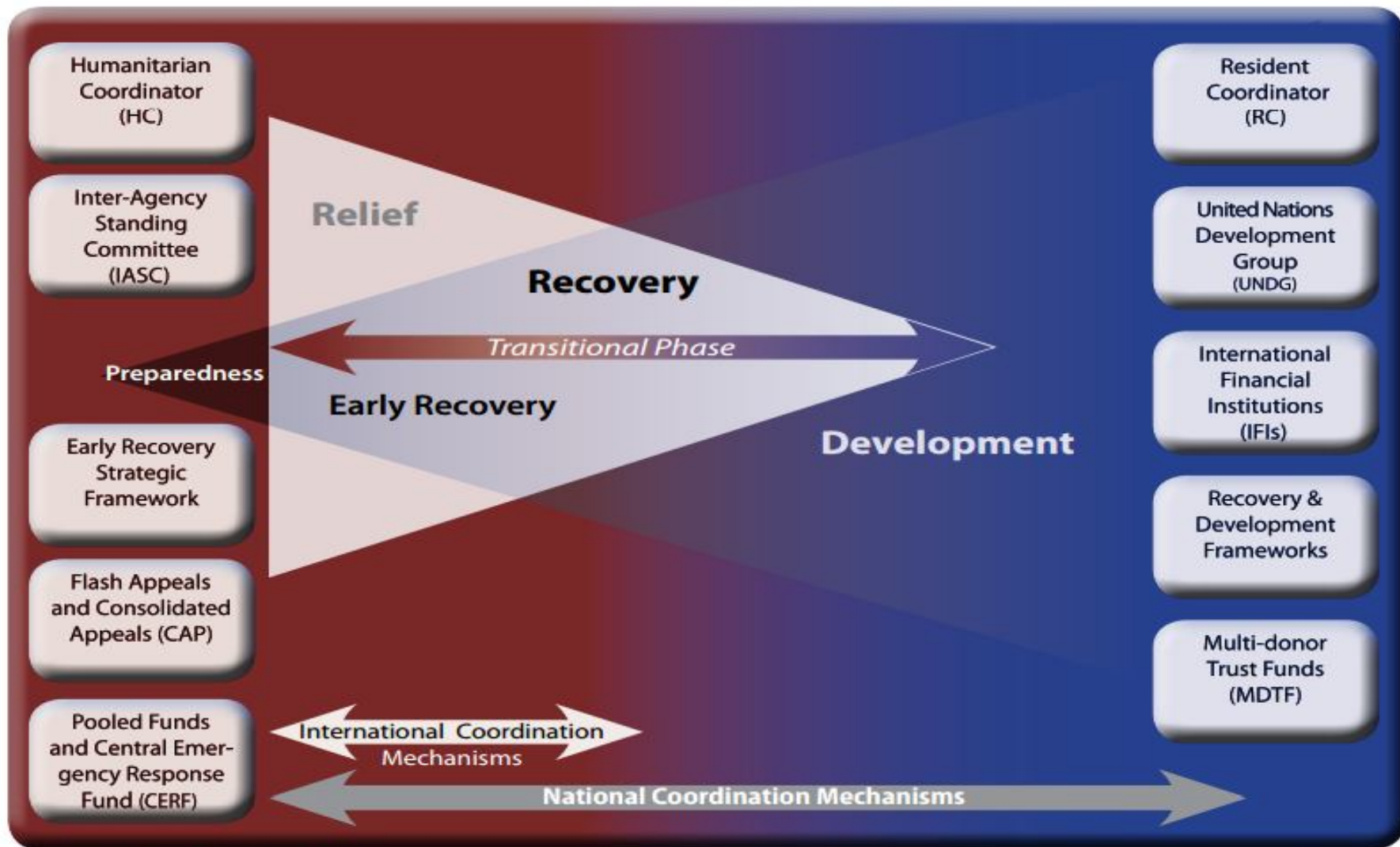


Early Recovery

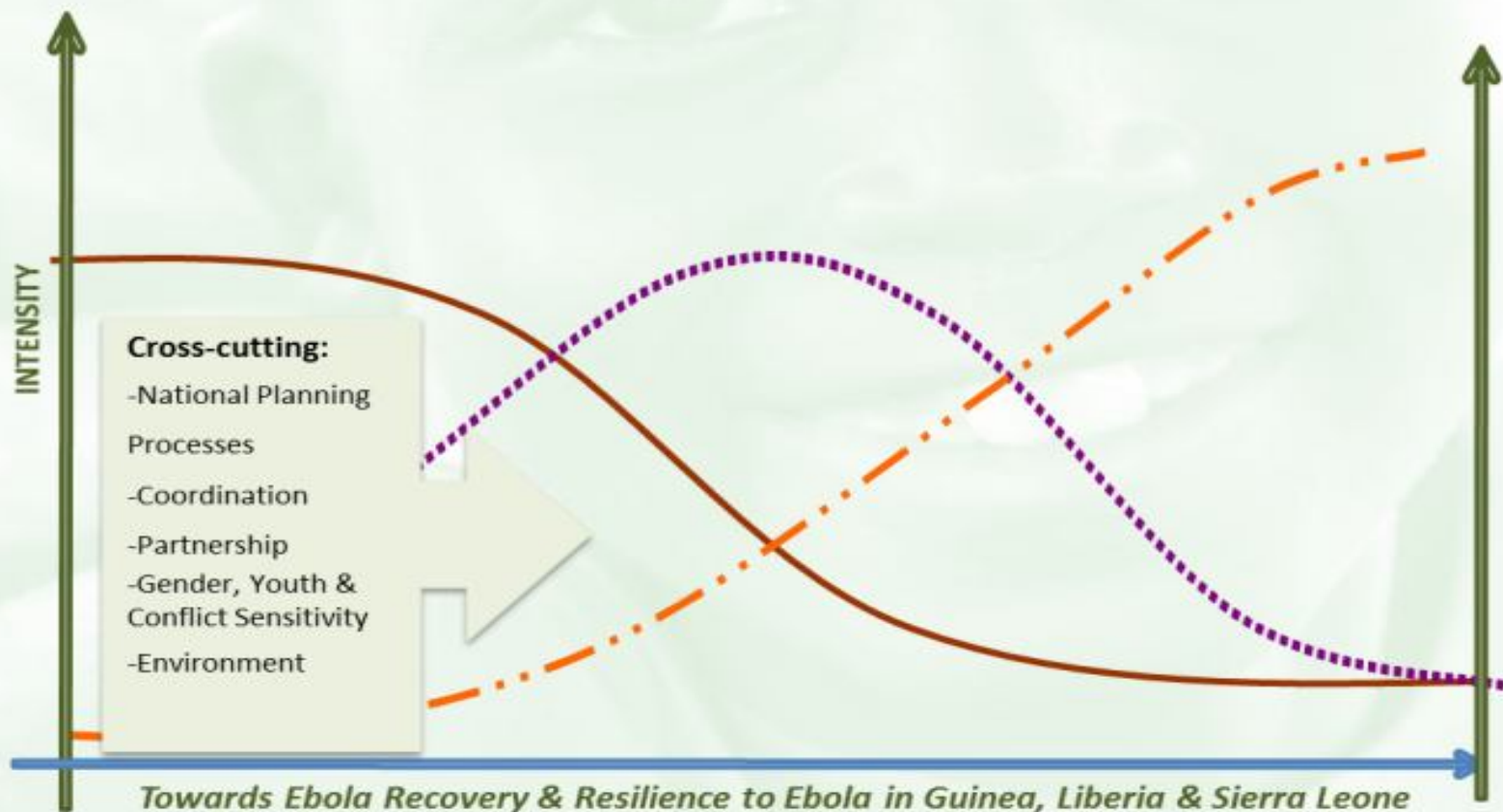
Al-Nahrain Centre

September 9th 2015

Figure 1 Early recovery in the context of transition



Complementary Tracks for Achieving Early Recovery and Rapid Return to Sustainable Pathways within 6-18-36 months

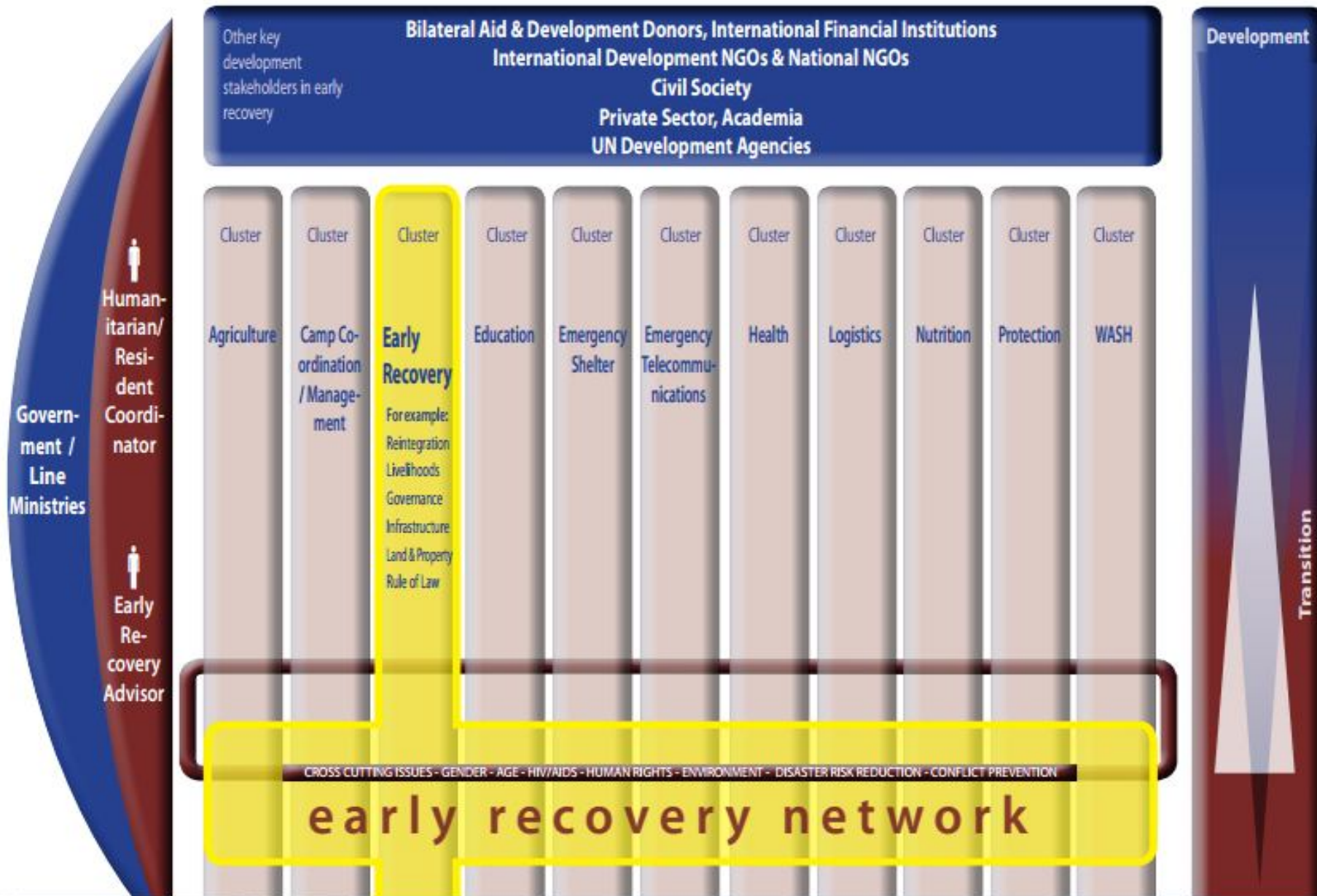


— Track A: Livelihoods stabilization in Ebola-affected communities (6-18 months)

⋯ Track B: Local Socio-Economic Recovery & strengthening of national/local institutional capacities (6-18 months)

- . - Track C: Institutional /policy support, Risk Management & Inclusive Economic Growth for Sustainable Development (12-36 months)

Figure 3 Early recovery coordination mechanism



Early Recovery In Iraq

Emergency Livelihoods and
Social Cohesion

What is Social Cohesion in the Iraqi context

- 'Force of circumstance' has brought together groups of people who would not have 'chosen' to be neighbors – host communities, Syrian refugees and Iraqi displaced people.
- It's not known how long they will be together
- They have different backgrounds
- **Social cohesion is a way to help the groups to live harmoniously whilst they are together.**

What is the link between Livelihoods and Social Cohesion?

The main causes of tension arise from:

History; and

Threatened Livelihoods

- Jobs
- Public Services

Social Cohesion & Sustainable Livelihoods cluster goal

“**Peaceful co-existence** of various groups within communities with **sustained livelihoods** and well-functioning institutions to provide **public services**”